To rebuild (restore) the GRUB (Grand Unified Bootloader) configuration in Linux, you can follow these steps:

* Open a terminal or console window on your Linux system.

* Type the command sudo update-grub and press Enter. If you need to enter the administrator (root) password, do so. This command will automatically rebuild the GRUB configuration based on information about available operating systems and kernels found on your computer.

* Wait for the update-grub process to complete. The update-grub command will search for operating systems and adjust the configuration file /boot/grub/grub.cfg.

* After the process completes, restart your computer to make sure the new GRUB configuration is applied.